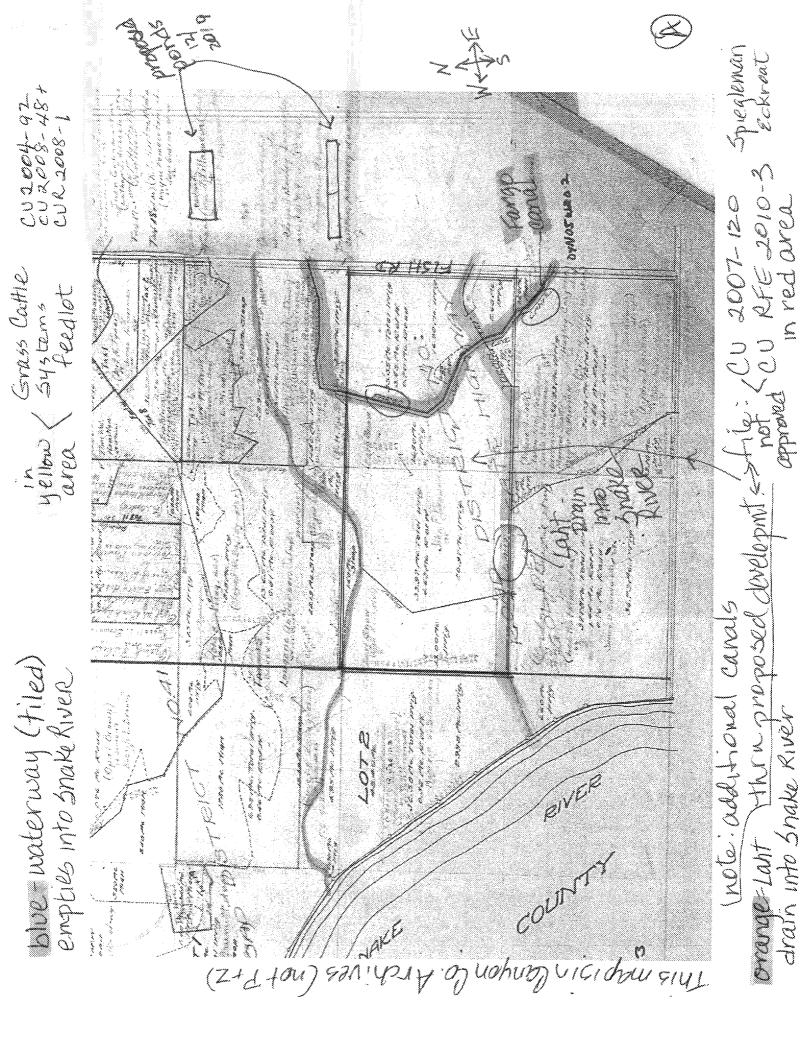
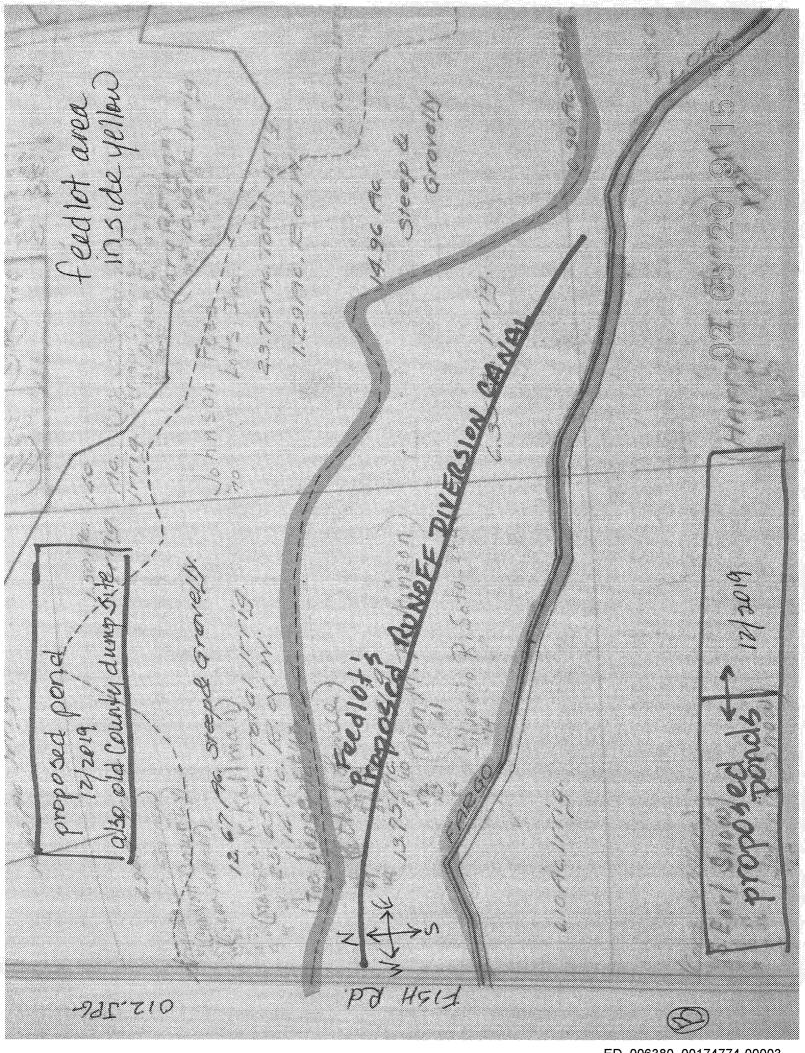
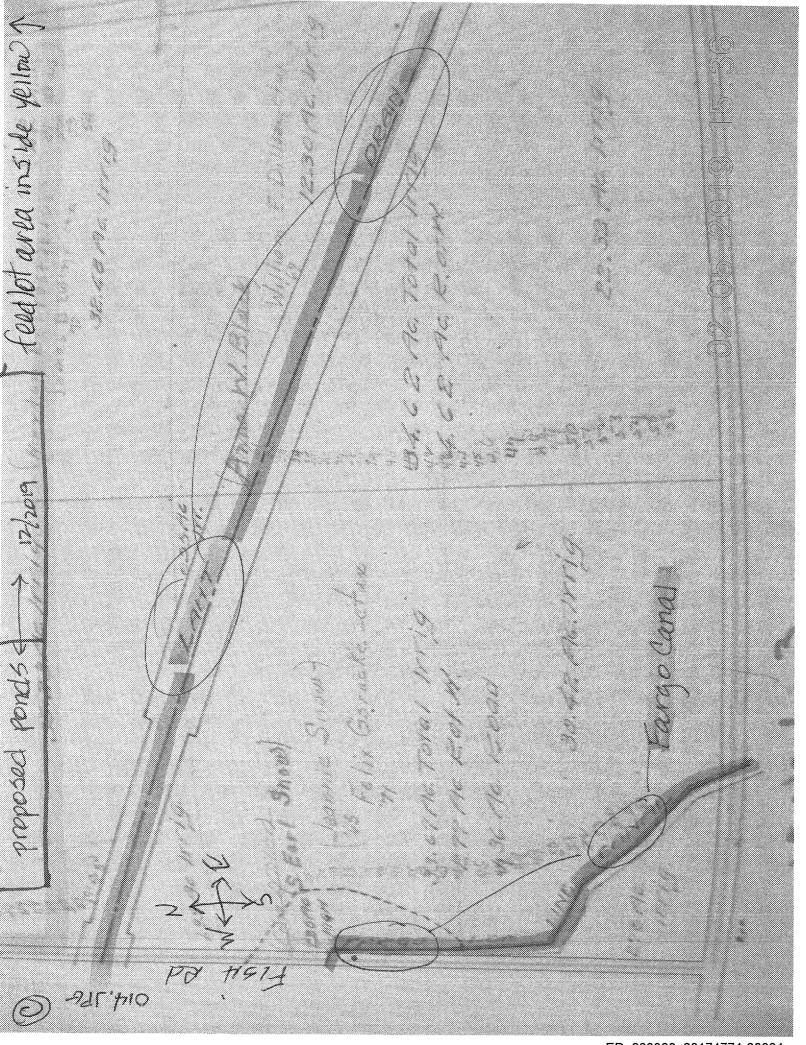
Put 3 color-coded maps (A, B, rc) together like-this put next to luch This A = shows waterways on West Side of Fish 'Rd B+C= show waterways on East side of Fish Rd. D = source of maps

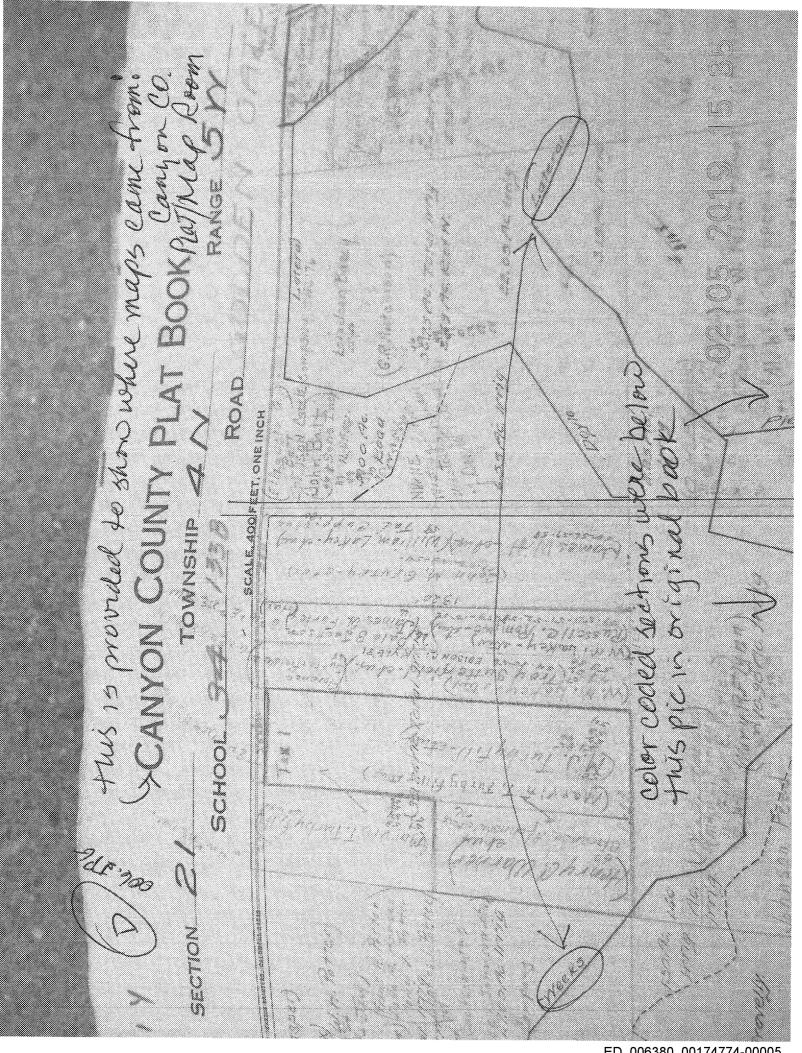




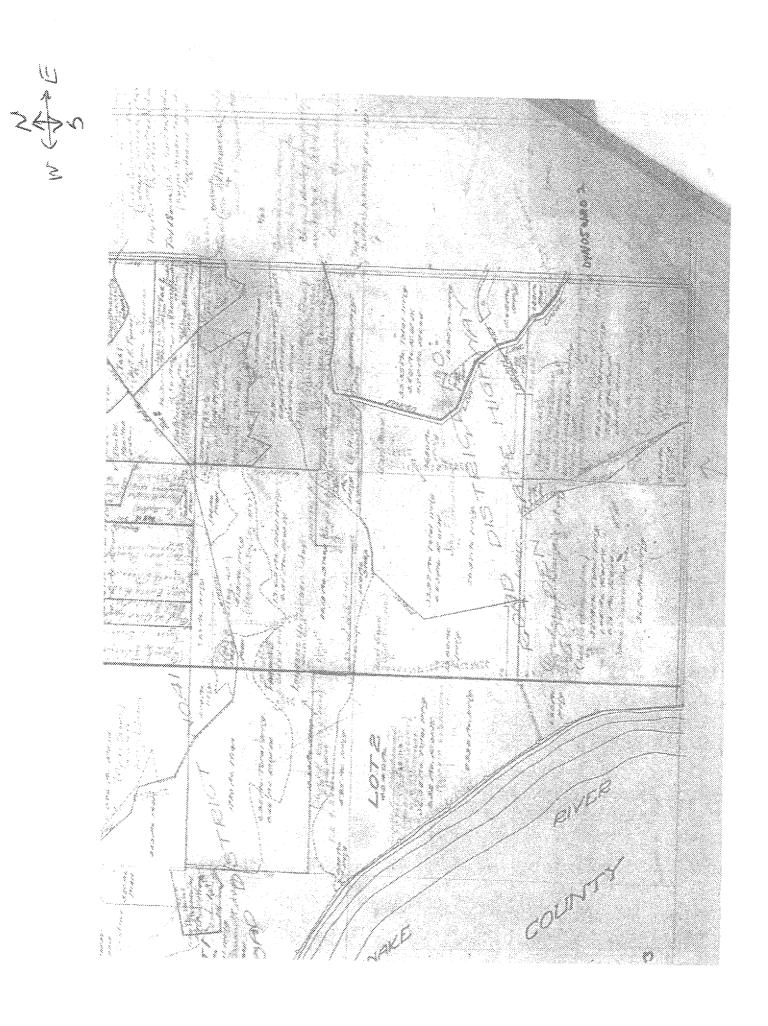
ED\_006380\_00174774-00003



ED\_006380\_00174774-00004



ED\_006380\_00174774-00005



AON PLATT CHARGAN OF THE SOARD

RICHARD J. MURGOITIO

PAUL J. CEVEAU 1990 DO MANAJER

TIMOTHY M. PAGE ASSISTANT PROJECT MANAGER

JUDITH A. JEMMETY SCCRETARY PRIJASJAKO

JERRI FLOYD AGSISTANT DECRETARY TREAS JAGR

## BOISE PROJECT BOARD OF CONTROL

FORMERLY BOISE U.S. RECLANATION PROJECT

2488 OVERLAND ROAD BOISE HOARD 83708-2168 OPERATING AGENCY FOR 187 OLD ACRES FOR THE FOLLOWING PRIGATION DISTRICTS

AAMPA MERICAN OSTRICT BOISE KUNA DISTRICT MENTORICISTRICT SIGBENG OSTRICT

781 (208) 344-1141 FAX:(208) 344-1137

16 July 2008

Car you County Development Services
113 Albany Street
Castiwell, Idaho 83605

RE Grass Canle Systems

S.W. Crnr. Of Peckham Rd. & Fish Rd.

Wilder Irrigation District Doyle Lateral 19+70 NI/2, Sec. 21, T4N, R5W, BM. CU2008-48

X-Ref: CU2004-92

W-1014

Susan J. Hartley:

The Boise Project Board of Control and its facilities will not be impacted by your decision in regards to the Conditional Use Permit.

The Boise Project Board of Control would like to note that our records show the abovementioned property only has a surface water right for 8.09 acres and not for the entire 113 acres.

The surface irrigation water rights are for a specific purpose and for a specific location. It is considered water spreading for this right to be put on lands, which do not have this type of water right.

If you have any further questions or comments regarding this matter, please do not hesitate to contact rie at (208) 344-1141.

Sincerely,

Bo Carter Clerk BPBC

bdc oc

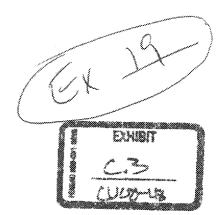
cc:

Joe Lopez

Diane Paulsen

Pile

Watermaster, Div; 5 BPBC Secretary - Treasurer, WID





### Analytical Laboratories, Inc.

1804 N. 33rd Street Boise, Idaho 83703 Phone (208) 342-5515

Date Report Printed: 5/22/2014 9:59:44 AM http://www.analyticallaboratories.com These less results relate only to the items tested.

#### Laboratory Analysis Report

Sample Number: 1418083

Attn:	N/~
Ex. 6 Personal Privacy (PP)	

Collected By:	Ex. 6 Personal Privacy (PP)
Submitted By:	<u> </u>

**BATHROOM TAP** 

Source of Sample:

Time of Collection:

Date of Collection: .5/21/2014 ĸ

5/21/2014

Date Received: Report Date:

5/22/2014

PWS#:

Field Temp:

Temp Revd in Lab:

PWS Name:

SEND 2 COPIES OF REPORT

Test Requested	MCL	Analysis Result	Units	MDL	Method	Date Completed	Analyst
Nitrate (as N)	10	5.4	mg/L	0.2	EPA 300.0	5/21/2014	NC
The nitrate concentration is approx	sching maximus	n concentration of	10.0 mg/L. Monitoring is	recommend	ed. 111		

Ex. 6 Personal Privacy (PP) will, domishing

Thank you for choosing Analytical Laboratories for your testing needs.

If you have any questions about this report, or any funce analytical needs, please contact your client manager

Brian M. McGovern



#### Idaho Bureau of Laboratories

2220 Old Penitentiary Road Boise, Idaho 83712

Phone: (208)334-2235 Fax: (208)334-4067

Christopher L. Ball, Ph.D, Acting Chief EPA Lab ID00018 **CLIA Certified Lab** 

Workorder:

E100300146 031810

#### ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Chemistry samples are disposed of after 60 days unless the laboratory is notified otherwise.

Lab ID:

Location:

E100300146-002

27774 Peckham

Date Received:

3/18/2010

Matrix:

**Drinking Water** 

(Potable)

Date Collected:

03/18/2010 08:55

Analytical Method: EPA 353.2

- General Chemistry -

Sample ID: 2-Kitchen Tap

**Parameters** 

Results Units

Report Limit Analyzed

Qual

MCL

Analysis Desc: EPA 353.2

Nitrate as N

9.8 mg/L

0.10 3/25/2010

80

10

Ex. 6 Personal Privacy (PP)

well, Somestic

Report ID: 69923 - 835526

Page 4 of 4

June 11, 2019

# Nitrate pollution of US tap water could cause 12,500 cancer cases each year

by Environmental Working Group

Credit: CC0 Public Domain

Nitrate pollution of U.S. drinking water may cause up to 12,594 cases of cancer a year, according to a new peer-reviewed study by the Environmental Working Group.

For the groundbreaking study, published today in the journal *Environmental Research*, EWG scientists estimated the number of cancer cases in each state that could be attributed to <u>nitrate contamination</u> of public water systems, largely caused by farm runoff containing fertilizer and manure. They also estimated the costs of treating those cases at up to \$1.5 billion a year.

"Nitrate contamination of drinking water is a serious problem, and especially severe in the nation's farm country," said Olga Naidenko, Ph.D., EWG senior science advisor and one of the study's authors. "Now, for the first time, we can see the staggering consequences of this pollution."

The current federal drinking water standard for nitrate, set in 1962, is 10 parts per million, or ppm. Yet several well-regarded epidemiological studies have linked nitrate in drinking water with cancer and other serious health issues at levels less than one-tenth of the legal limit. Earlier this year, the Environmental Protection Agency suspended plans to reevaluate its outdated nitrate standard.

Four-fifths of EWG's estimated cases were occurences of colorectal cancer, with ovarian, thyroid, kidney and bladder cancer making up the rest. Nitrate in tap water has also been linked with serious neonatal health issues. EWG estimated that nitrate pollution may be responsible for as many as 2,939 cases of very low birth weight; 1,725 cases of very preterm birth; and 41 cases of neural tube defects.

"Millions of Americans are being involuntarily exposed to nitrate, and they are also the ones paying the heavy costs of treating contaminated tap water," said Alexis Temkin, Ph.D., a toxicologist at EWG and primary author of the study. "But the <u>federal government</u> is not doing enough to protect Americans from tap water contamination."

EWG scientists estimate the level at which there would occur no <u>adverse health effects</u> from nitrate in drinking water to be 0.14 milligrams per liter—equivalent to parts per million. That level, 70 times lower than the EPA's legal limit, represents a one-in-one-million risk of cancer.